Under pressure?

Neel Kothari asks: Will the pressure to meet academic requirements repel potential hard-working dental nurses from entering the profession?

As every dentist knows, finding a good nurse is like finding gold dust. In the last few years, dental nursing has undergone a mini metamorphosis. Many dental nurses learnt their trade through in-practice training, many choosing to undergo further training. Today, however, qualification through a structured course is mandatory. General Dental Council (GDC) requirements for trainee nurses. Along with this, comes a yearly registration fee to the GDC, as well as having to undertake verifiable CPD hours.

I applaud the professional status now endowed upon nurses through registration with the GDC. Many dentists, myself included, have always felt that the hard work and care provided by nurses far outweighs the credit they are given (and in many cases the pay too). However, this does come at a cost, whether it is to nurses or to the practice; ultimately in the business of dentistry, an eventual trickle down to patients is likely to be seen. So, are nurses, practices and patients actually better off?

Justifying fees

While dental care professionals have their annual retention fees (ARF) set to a lower level than dentists, £96 is still a lot of money, especially to many of the dental nurses I know; it is therefore absolutely crucial to make sure their fees are justified. It does also seem disproportionate that all DCPs pay the same fee, while the majority of dental nurses (62 per cent) earned between £10,000 and £20,000 a year, with around 71 per cent of nurses paying their own GDC registration fees.

With dentists, we can see that the ARF goes towards regulating complaints and setting professional standards for dentists to work within, but ultimately there is one main pathway for the GDC to get involved with regulation and that is for a patient to complain. Therefore, the burden of reform is disproportionately high. Not only do they have the same ARF and indemnity, but often access to CPD is very restricted, especially if practice CD days fall outside of their work days. I have been told that for many the prospect of carrying on with nursing is no longer worth the pay or the hassle.

So are nurses, practices and patients actually better off? Can their skills within their profession; however, by insisting on qualification, we must as a profession be fully aware that we are potentially alienating good, hard working candidates for dental nursing who are more than able to cope with the stresses and strains of the job, but are put off by the academic requirements required. In my opinion, all members of the dental team should be encouraged to improve their skills and knowledge base, but this should not be to the detriment of those who have all of the practical ability to do the job, but struggle with the academic rigmaroles.

Along with now having to pay for registration and indemnity (if chosen), nurses now also have to undertake regular CPD. The BADN reports that around 45 per cent of employers make no contribution to nurses’ CPD with only 9 per cent covering all costs associated with CPD.

Split opinion

When asking various nurses what they thought of the rapid transformations seen in the last few years, I have to admit that to my surprise opinions have been split. Sure, plenty felt that the ARF fees were disproportionate and a far greater financial burden than they need to bear, but many nurses also felt a great sense of achievement in having completed their qualification and are looking forward to undertaking further CPD in the future. Almost all of the nurses I have discussed this with are glad to have a recognised qualification on their CV, but many are worried about just exactly how they are going to achieve all of their CPD.

Restricted access

As the majority of nurses are female, another key issue that arises is how these new reforms fit in with those nurses that raise families and need flexible working patterns. It seems that for those choosing to return to work on a part-time basis (which is a high proportion), the burden of reform is disproportionately high. Not only do they have the same ARF and indemnity, but often access to CPD is very restricted, especially if practice CPD days fall outside of their work days. I have been told that for many the prospect of carrying on with nursing is no longer worth the pay or the hassle.

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